

What components of Dietary Fiber does each method measure accurately?

AOAC Method	Megazyme Product	Target Analytes				Problems/Issues	
		Soluble DF			Insoluble DF		
		Total Dietary Fiber		IDF			
		HMWDF	SDFS		SDFP	Underestimated	Overestimated
985.29	<u>K-TDFR</u>	✓	✗	✗	RS ₂ , RS ₃	RS ₄	
991.43		✗	✗	✓			✓
2001.03	<u>Individual Enzymes†</u>	✓	✓	✗			✗
2009.01	<u>K-INTDF</u>	✓	✓	✗	RS ₂ , RS ₄ , FOS	High non-resistant starch content (very minor)	
2011.25		✗	✓	✓			✓
2017.16	<u>K-RINTDF</u>	✓	✓	✗	NONE	NONE	
2017.16*		✗	✓	✓			✓

*Modified as per AOAC991.43 to allow for soluble/insoluble Dietary Fiber determination.

†E-BLAAM, E-AMGDFNG or E-AMGDFPD, E-BSPRPD

HMWDF: High Molecular Weight Dietary Fiber. **RS:** Resistant Starch. **IDF:** Water insoluble Dietary Fiber. **SDFP:** Water soluble Dietary Fiber which precipitates in 78% ethanol.

SDFS: Water soluble Dietary Fiber that remains soluble in 78% ethanol.

Megazyme's Rapid Integrated Dietary Fiber AOAC Method 2017.16 has received final approval (K-RINTDF)

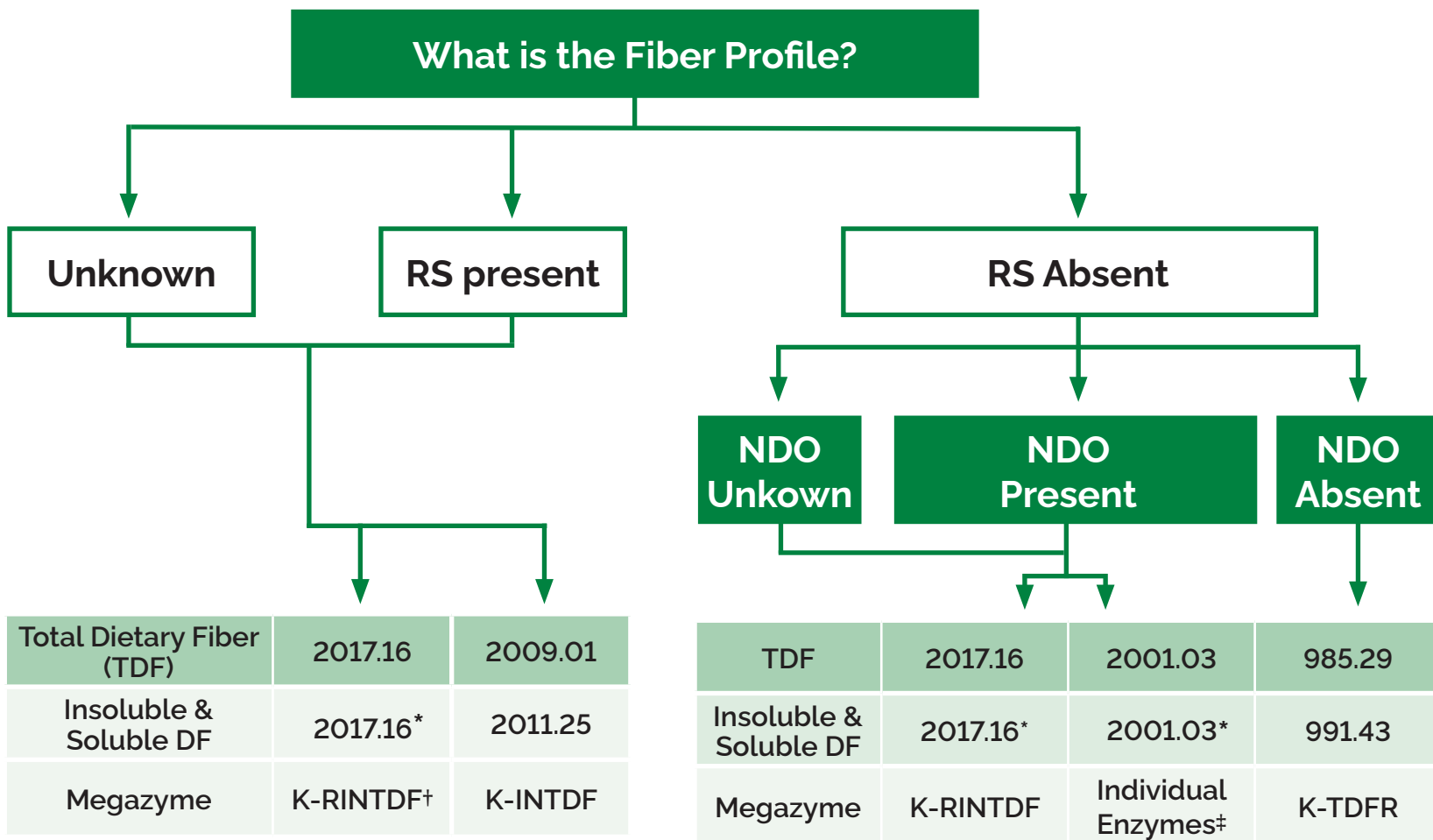
The only method suitable for all Dietary Fiber sample types

The only method to accurately measure all relevant Dietary Fiber components





Which method is most appropriate to measure Dietary Fiber in my sample?



Resistant Starch

- RS₁ e.g. partially milled grains
- RS₂ e.g. uncooked potato
- RS₃ e.g. retrograded rice
- RS₄ e.g. Fibersym®

Non-digestible Oligosaccharides

- Fructooligosaccharides (FOS)
- Galactooligosaccharides (GOS)
- Polydextrose
- Resistant Maltodextrins (RMD)

DF: Dietary Fiber
RS: Resistant Starch
NDO: Non-digestible Oligosaccharides

*Modification as per **AOAC 991.43** to allow for soluble/insoluble DF determination
 †K-RINTDF provides a more accurate measurement for Resistant Starch
 ‡E-BLAAM, E-AMGDFNG or E-AMGDFPD, E-BSPRPD

Megazyme is a Global Leader in the measurement of Dietary Fiber

